

**STTL**

**SPARQL Template Transformation Language  
for RDF Graphs**

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# STTL

STTL : transformation language for RDF

*XSLT : transformation language for XML*

- Input RDF graph
- Output Text format
- SPARQL based
- Declarative transformation rules

# XSLT - STTL

```
<xsl:template match="person">  
  <xsl:apply-templates select="knows"/>  
</xsl:template>
```

```
template { st:apply-templates(?y) }  
where { ?in a foaf:Person ; foaf:knows ?y }
```

# XSLT - STTL

	XSLT	STTL
Input	XML	RDF
Output	XML	Text
Syntax	XML	SPARQL extension
Template	xsl:template	template where
Named template	xsl:template name="test"	template ex:test
Apply templates	xsl:apply-templates	st:apply-templates
Apply named template	xsl:call-template	st:call-template
Parameters	xsl:with-param	(?x, ?y)
Numbering	xsl:number	st:number
Sorting	xsl:sort	order by
Grouping	xsl:for-each-group	group by
Condition	xsl:if	if (exp, then, else)

# Differences XSLT - STTL

- XSLT :
  - XML Tree
  - Edges are ordered
- STTL :
  - RDF Graph
  - Edges are not ordered

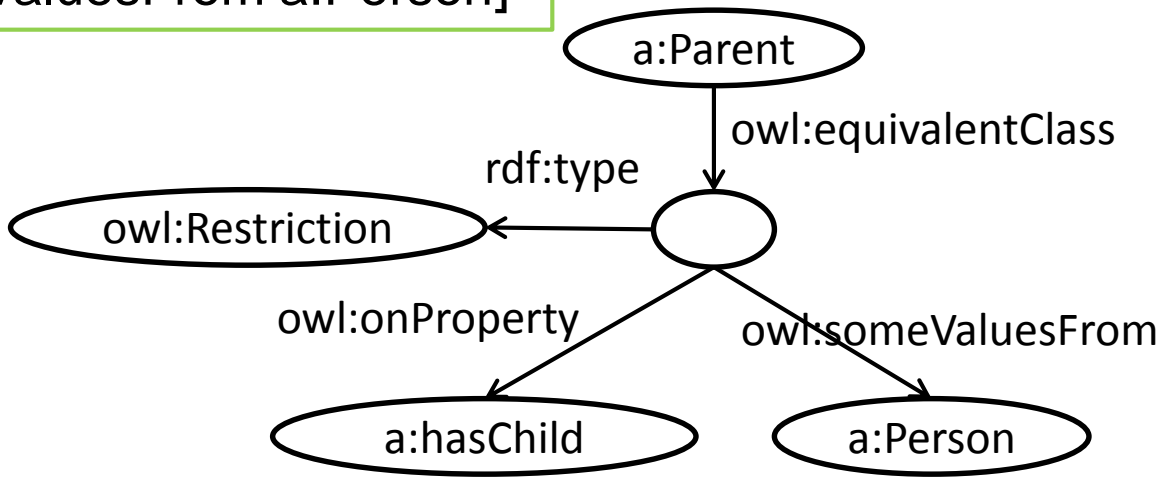
# STTL motivating use cases

1. Transformation of RDF data from one RDF syntax to another:
  - Turtle
  - RDF/XML
  - JSON LD
2. Presentation of RDF data:
  - RDF to HTML
  - RDF to Latex
  - RDF to Natural Language
  - RDF to graphic format (GML)
3. Transformation of statements in a given language from RDF to another syntax:
  - OWL/RDF to OWL functional syntax
  - SPARQL/RDF (SPIN) to SPARQL syntax
  - AST of  $L$  in RDF to concrete syntax of  $L$
4. Constraint checking
  - OWL Profile: OWL RL
  - SHACL

# Example use case: OWL/RDF to OWL/FS

```
a:Parent owl:equivalentClass [ a owl:Restriction ;  
  owl:onProperty a:hasChild;  
  owl:someValuesFrom a:Person]
```

OWL/RDF (Turtle)



```
EquivalentClasses (a:Parent ObjectSomeValuesFrom(a:hasChild, a:Person) )
```

OWL/Functional Syntax

# SPARQL

## Query forms

1. SELECT WHERE { GP }
2. CONSTRUCT { GP } WHERE { GP }
3. ASK { GP }
4. DESCRIBE WHERE { GP }



# SPARQL Template

## Query forms

1. SELECT WHERE { GP }
2. CONSTRUCT { GP } WHERE { GP }
3. ASK { GP }
4. DESCRIBE WHERE { GP }

5. TEMPLATE { Text Pattern } WHERE { GP }

# SPARQL Template

An additional SPARQL query form:

```
TEMPLATE { Text Pattern } WHERE { GP }
```

with Text Pattern = ( VARIABLE | EXP | TEXT )\*

# RDF to Turtle transformation

```
TEMPLATE { ?x "" rdfs:label "" ?name "." }  
WHERE { ?x a foaf:Person ; foaf:name ?name }
```

```
ns:olivier a foaf:Person ; foaf:name "Olivier".  
ns:catherine a foaf:Person ; foaf:name "Catherine".
```

```
ns:olivier rdfs:label "Olivier".  
ns:catherine rdfs:label "Catherine".
```

# RDF to HTML transformation

```
TEMPLATE { format {"<a href='%s'>%s</a>" str(?x) str(?name) } }  
WHERE { ?x a foaf:Person ; foaf:name ?name }
```

```
ns:olivier a foaf:Person ; foaf:name "Olivier".  
ns:catherine a foaf:Person ; foaf:name "Catherine".
```

```
<a href='http://ns.inria.fr/olivier'>Olivier</a>  
<a href='http://ns.inria.fr/catherine'>Catherine</a>
```

# STTL: Transformation

A set of templates

```
TEMPLATE { "EquivalentClasses (" ?in " " ?c ")" }
```

```
WHERE { ?in owl:equivalentClass ?c }
```

```
TEMPLATE { "SubClassOf (" ?in " " ?c ")" }
```

```
WHERE { ?in rdfs:subClassOf ?c }
```

```
TEMPLATE { "ObjectSomeValuesFrom (" ?p " " ?c ")" }
```

```
WHERE { ?in a owl:Restriction ;  
        owl:onProperty ?p ;  
        owl:someValuesFrom ?c }
```

# Template recursive call

```
TEMPLATE { "EquivalentClasses ("
  ?in " " ?c ")" }
WHERE { ?in owl:equivalentClass ?c . }
```

# Template recursive call

```
TEMPLATE { "EquivalentClasses ("
  st:apply-templates(?in) " " ?c ")" }
WHERE { ?in owl:equivalentClass ?c . }
```

# Template recursive call

```
TEMPLATE { "EquivalentClasses ("
    st:apply-templates(?in) " " st:apply-templates(?c) ")" }
WHERE { ?in owl:equivalentClass ?c . }
```



# STTL

- 1. Template:** SPARQL Template Query form
- 2. Transformation:** set of templates
- 3. Extension function:** `st:apply-templates`, `st:call-template`

# Focus Node

```
template {  
    st:apply-templates(?y)  
}  
where { ?in foaf:knows ?y }
```

# Focus Node

```
template {  
    st:apply-templates(?y)  
}
```

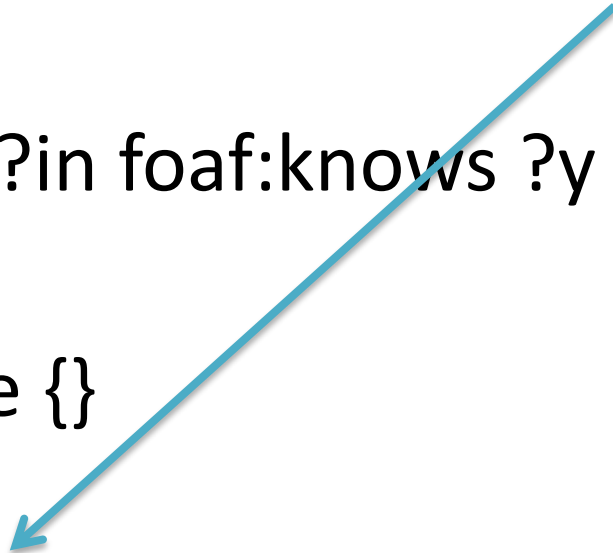
```
where { ?in foaf:knows ?y }
```

```
template {}
```

```
where {
```

```
    ?in a foaf:Person
```

```
}
```



# Named Template

```
template {  
    st:call-template(st:title)  
}  
where {}
```

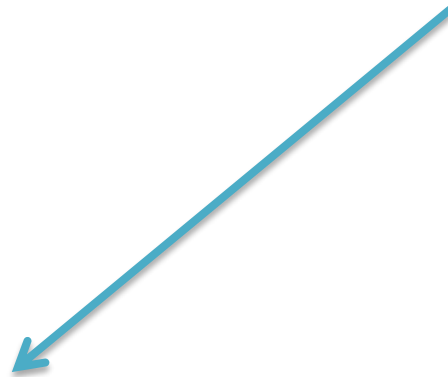
# Named Template

```
template {  
    st:call-template(st:title)  
}
```

```
where {}
```

```
template st:title {}
```

```
where {}
```



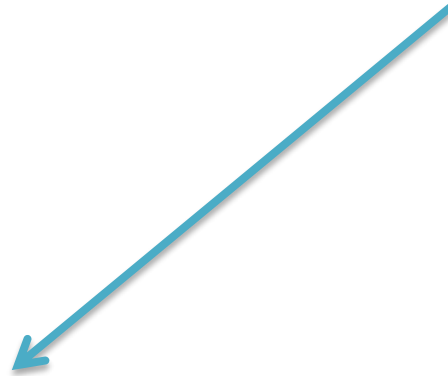
# Named Template

```
template {  
    st:call-template(st:title, ?y)  
}
```

```
where {}
```

```
template st:title (?x) {}
```

```
where {}
```



# STTL Features

# STTL Extension Functions

prefix st: <http://ns.inria.fr/sparql-template/>

st:apply-templates(term)

st:apply-templates-with(transform-uri, term)

st:call-template(template-uri, term)

st:call-template-with(transform-uri, template-uri, term)

st:turtle(term)



# Priority

```
template { }
```

```
where { }
```

```
pragma { st:template st:priority 200 }
```

# Start template

```
template st:start {  
    st:apply-templates(?x)  
}  
where {  
    ?x a foaf:Person  
}
```

# Extension Functions

```
function us:display(?x) {  
  if (isBlank(?x),  
      concat("bnode: " , ?x),  
      st:turtle(?x))  
}
```

# Profile: Define Extension Functions

```
template st:profile {}
```

```
where {}
```

```
function us:display(?x) {
```

```
  if (isBlank(?x),
```

```
    concat("bnode: " , ?x),
```

```
    st:turtle(?x))
```

```
}
```

# Variable Processing

```
template { ?y }  
where { ?in ?p ?y }
```

```
template { st:process(?y) }  
where { ?in ?p ?y }
```

```
function st:process(?x) {  
    st:turtle(?x)  
}
```

# Overloading Variable Processing

```
function st:process(?x) {  
  if (isBlank(?x),  
      st:apply-templates(?x),  
      st:turtle(?x))  
}
```

# Template Statements

- Separator
- Format
- Group
- Box
- Numbering

# Separator

```
template {  
    ?y  
    ; separator = ", "  
}  
where {  
    ?in foaf:knows ?y  
}
```



# Format

```
template {  
  format {  
    "<h2>%1$s</h2><p>%2$s</p>"  
  
    st:apply-templates(?x)  
    st:apply-templates(?y)  
  }  
}  
where {  
}
```

# External Format

```
template {  
  format {  
    <http://example.org/format/test.html>  
  
    st:apply-templates(?x)  
    st:apply-templates(?y)  
  }  
}  
where {  
}
```

# Format Function

`st:format(format, exp+)`

# Group

group { E1 .. En }

::=

group\_concat(concat(E1, .. En))

# Group

```
template {  
    ?in " : " group { ?y }  
}  
where {  
    ?in foaf:knows ?y  
}
```

# Box

`box { E1 .. En }`

`::=`

`concat(E1, .. En)`

`st:nl()`

`box | sbox | ibox`

# Box

box: nl(+1) exp nl(-1)

sbox: nl(+1) exp indent(-1)

ibox: indent(+1) exp indent(-1)

# Numbering

```
template {  
    st:number() " " st:apply-templates(?x)  
}  
where {  
    ?in foaf:knows ?y  
}  
order by ?x
```



# Compiling STTL

```
template { E1 .. En }  
where { }
```

compiled as :

```
select (concat(cp(E1), .. cp(En)) as ?out)  
where { }  
+  
aggregate( $\Omega$ , group_concat, ?out)
```

# Compiling STTL

`cp(Var(x)) = st:process(x)`

Default:

`st:process(?x) = st:turtle(?x)`

Overloaded:

```
function st:process(?x) {  
  st:apply-templates(?x)  
}
```

# STTL Transformations

- |     |                                  |             |
|-----|----------------------------------|-------------|
| 1.  | RDF to Turtle                    | st:turtle   |
| 2.  | RDF to RDF/XML                   | st:rdfxml   |
| 3.  | RDF to JSON-LD                   | st:jsonld   |
| 4.  | OWL to Functional Syntax         | st:owl      |
| 5.  | SPIN to SPARQL                   | st:spin     |
| 6.  | SPARQL Query Result              | st:sparql   |
| 7.  | SPARQL Tutorial                  | st:web      |
| 8.  | DBpedia Navigator                | st:navlab   |
| 9.  | Wikipedia Edit History Navigator | st:dbedit   |
| 10. | Calendar                         | st:calendar |
| 11. | History Timeline                 |             |
| 12. | Sudoku (1 template)              |             |
| 13. | OWL Profile check                | st:owlrl    |
| 14. | SHACL Validation                 | st:dsmain   |

# Usage

Create a directory e.g. sttl

Write templates in separate files, with extension .rq

Use:

```
st:apply-templates-with("/home/myself/sttl/")
```

Use in Java:

```
Transformer t = Transformer.create(g, "/home/myself/sttl/");  
String str = t.transform();
```

# STTL development environment

The screenshot displays the STTL development environment interface. At the top, the window title is "Corese/KGRAM 3.1 - Wimmics INRIA I3S - 2015-05-01". Below the title bar is a menu bar with options: File, Edit, Engine, Debug, Query, Template, Explain, and ?. The main workspace is divided into two panes. The top pane is a query editor with a toolbar containing buttons for Query, Validate, to SPIN, to SPARQL, Prove, Trace, Search, Refresh stylesheet, and Default stylesheet. The query editor shows a template query:

```
1 template {  
2   st:apply-templates-with(st:owl)  
3 }  
4 where {  
5 }  
6
```

The bottom pane is an ontology viewer with tabs for Graph, XML, and Validate. The XML tab is selected, showing the following ontology content:

```
Ontology(<http://example.com/owl/families>  
  
Import(<http://example.org/otherOntologies/families.owl>  
  
SubClassOf(Annotation(rdfs:comment "States that every man is a person."@en)  
<http://example.com/owl/families/Man> <http://example.com/owl/families/Person>  
  
SubClassOf(  
  ObjectIntersectionOf(  
    ObjectOneOf(<http://example.com/owl/families/Mary> <http://example.com/owl/families/Bill> <http://example.com/owl/families/Meg>) <  
    ObjectIntersectionOf(<http://example.com/owl/families/Parent>  
    ObjectMaxCardinality(1 <http://example.com/owl/families/hasChild>  
    ObjectAllValuesFrom(<http://example.com/owl/families/hasChild> <http://example.com/owl/families/Female>))  
  )  
  
DisjointClasses(<http://example.com/owl/families/Woman> <http://example.com/owl/families/Man>)  
  
DisjointClasses(<http://example.com/owl/families/Mother> <http://example.com/owl/families/Father> <http://example.com/owl/families/Your  
NegativeObjectPropertyAssertion(<http://example.com/owl/families/hasWife> <http://example.com/owl/families/Bill> <http://example.com/ov  
NegativeDataPropertyAssertion(<http://example.com/owl/families/hasAge> <http://example.com/owl/families/Jack> "53"^^xsd:integer)  
NegativeObjectPropertyAssertion(<http://example.com/owl/families/hasDaughter> <http://example.com/owl/families/Bill> <http://example.co  
Declaration(Class(<http://example.com/owl/families/Actor>))
```

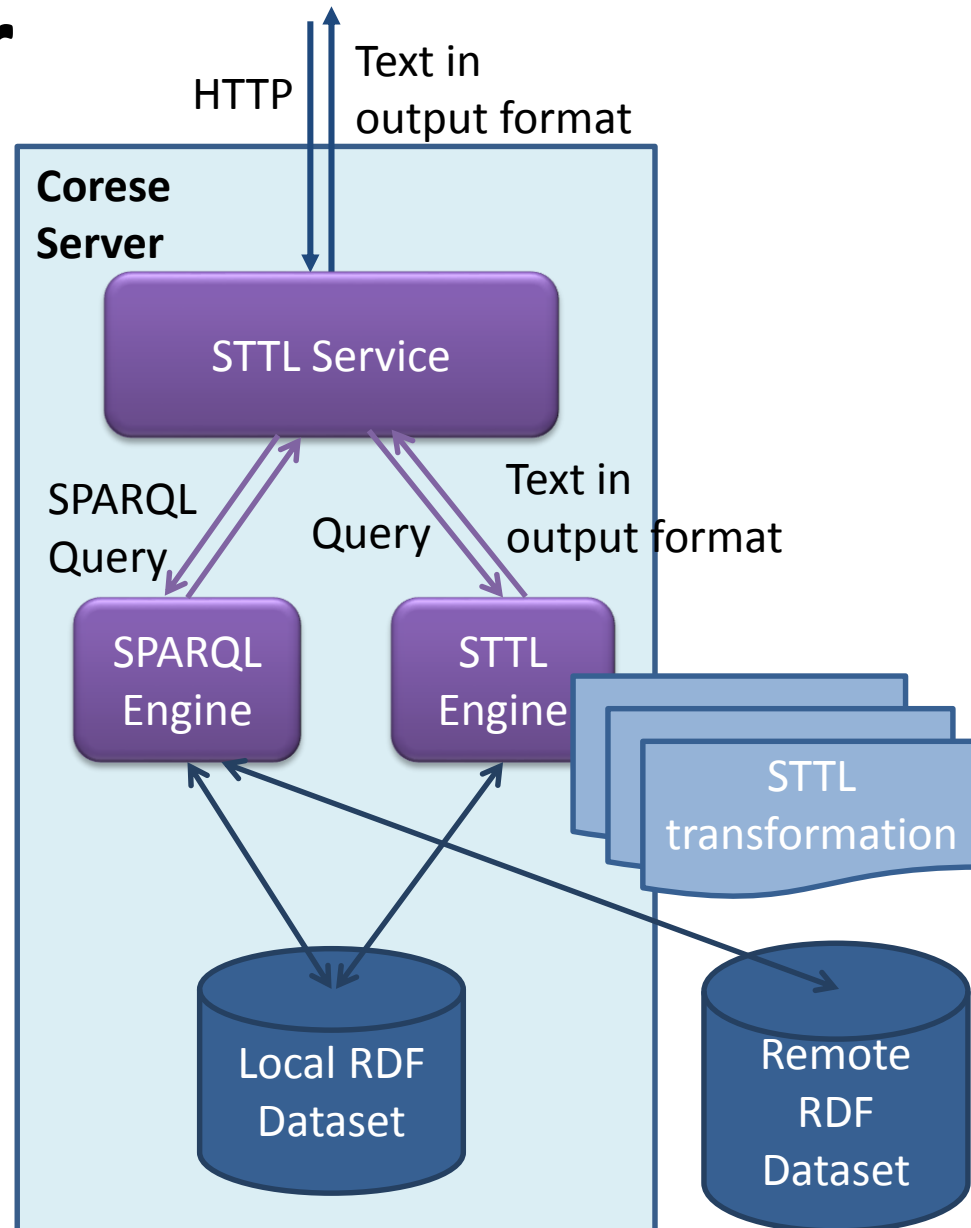
At the bottom of the ontology viewer, there is a label "SPARQL Template Transformation Language".

# STTL engine

available in the Corese Semantic Web Factory

- Free download: <http://wimmics.inria.fr/corese>
  - SPARQL engine
  - STTL engine
  - Standalone environment to develop transformation
  - SPARQL endpoint
  - STTL server
- Web Server: <http://corese.inria.fr>


# STTL Server




# CORESE Web Server

Corese is a Semantic Web Factory implementing RDF, RDFS, SPARQL and Inference Rules. This site presents demos of Semantic Web servers and Linked Data Navigators designed with [SPARQL Template Transformation Language](#).


## Linked data browsers



**Louis XIV de France**  
(1638 - 1715)



**Auguste (dbpeida fr)**



**Auguste (dbpedia)**



**Emmanuel-Philibert de Savoie**  
(1528-1580)



**Places**  
(Nice)



**History**  
(XIVe Siècle)

## Online services

**SPARQL Query**

Server

```
select * where {
  ?x ?p ?y
}
```

**Query**

**DBpedia Query**

STD

```
select * where {
  service <http://fr.dbpedia.org/sparql> {
    <http://fr.dbpedia.org/resource/Antibes> ?p ?y
  }
}
limit 10
offset 10
```

**Query**

**Self Service**

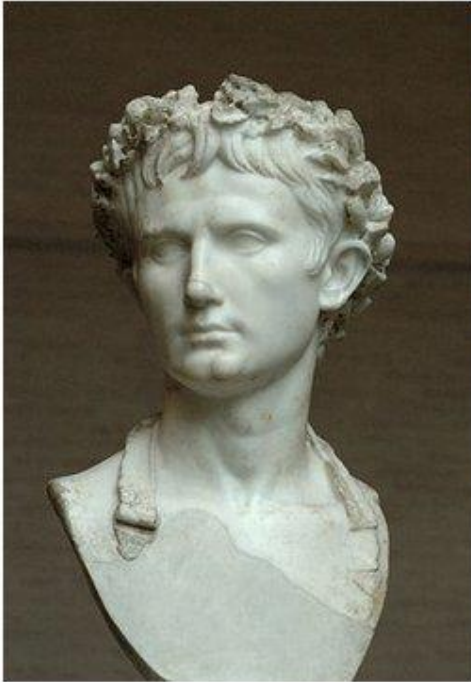
RDF graph URI:

Format:

**Transform**



## Auguste



**Naissance** -63-09-23+02:00

**Décès** 14-08-19+02:00

**Prédécesseur** Jules César

**Successeur** Tibère

**Père** Gaius Octavius

**Mère** Atia Balba Caesonia

**Conjoints** Scribonia (épouse d'Octavien) Clodia Pulchra Livie

**Enfants** Julia Caesaris filia

**Résumé** Auguste, né sous le nom de Caius Octavius le 23 septembre 63 av. J.-C. à Rome, d'abord appelé Octave puis Octavien, porte le nom de Imperator Caesar Divi Filius Augustus à sa mort le 19 août 14 ap. J.-C. à Nola. Il est le premier empereur romain, du 16 janvier 27 av. J.-C. au 19 août 14 ap. J.-C. Issu d'une ancienne et riche famille de rang équestre appartenant à la gens plébéienne des Octavii, il devient fils adoptif posthume de son grand-oncle maternel Jules César en 44 av.

**Wikipedia** <http://fr.wikipedia.org/wiki/Auguste>

**DBpedia** <http://fr.dbpedia.org/resource/Auguste>

**Nord** Colomars Falicon Saint-André-de-la-Roche

**Nord Est** La Trinité (Alpes-Maritimes)

**Est** Villefranche-sur-Mer

**Sud Est**

**Sud**

**Sud Ouest**

**Ouest** Saint-Jeannet (Alpes-Maritimes) La Gaude

**Nord**

**Ouest** Gattières

**Latitude** 43.6959

**Longitude** 7.27141

**Wikipedia** <http://fr.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nice>

**DBpedia** <http://fr.dbpedia.org/resource/Nice>







# DBpedia History 01/2002






01/2001 << 12/2001 << 01/2002 >> 02/2002 >> 01/2003




Algorithmique (1)

```

graph TD
    Start([START]) --> Read[RELU A, B]
    Read --> DecB{B > 0?}
    DecB -- OUI --> Div[DIV A, B]
    Div --> DecA{A > B?}
    DecA -- OUI --> SubA[A - B]
    DecA -- NON --> DecB
    SubA --> DecB
    DecB -- NON --> PrintA[IMPR A]
    PrintA --> End([END])
  
```

1 Clotaire Ier (2)  John McCarthy (2)  Carl Sagan (1)  Dagobert Ier (1) 

2 Espéranto (1)  GNU (1)  Iron Maiden (1)  Lisp (1)  Linus Torvalds (1) 

3 Blanc d'œuf (1)  Modèle standard (physique des particules) (1)  Tourisme (1) 

## 2015 - 2016 - 2017

### January

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

### February

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29						

### March

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

### April

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

### May

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					

### June

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30			

### July

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

### August

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

### September

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30		

### October

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
				1	2	
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

### November

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
1	2	3	4	5	6	
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30				

### December

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fr	Sa	Su
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

Corese

SPARQL Tutorial

SPARQL-SPIN Converter

OWL

Others

Sudoku Solver

# SPARQL Tutorial

## Select a query

Previous

13. Count

Next

## Count

Compter le nombre de solutions avec un opérateur d'agrégation.

(<http://www.w3.org/TR/sparql11-query/#aggregates>)

Solution

Template

submit

```
prefix h: <http://www.inria.fr/2015/humans#>
select (count(*) as ?c) where {
  ?x ?p ?y
}
```

## SPARQL Sudoku Solver

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3
7	8	9	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	1	4	3	6	5	8	9	7
3	6	5	8	9	7	2	1	4
8	9	7	2	1	4	3	6	5
5	3	1	6	4	2	9	7	8
6	4	2	9	7	8	5	3	1
9	7	8	5	3	1	6	4	2

Submit

Reset

Generated by Corese server using SPARQL Template Transformation.

2015-06-30T16:18:58

# Conclusion

- STTL Transformation Language for RDF
- Based on SPARQL
- XSLT like

# Exercise

- <https://eswc2018-sparql-ext.github.io/tutorial/>
- Download corese-server-4.0.2.jar
- Download eswc.tar.gz
- Extract the archive -> eswc
- Move corese-server-4.0.2.jar in directory that contains eswc
- `java "-Dfile.encoding=UTF-8" -jar corese-server-4.0.2.jar -lh -debug -pp eswc/profile.ttl`
- URL: <http://localhost:8080>
- Select Demo/Demo (top right)



# Exercise

eswc archive content:

- profile.ttl specifies the demo service
- sttl contains the STTL transformation
- sttl/format contains HTML formats
- sttl/query contains SPARQL queries

# Exercise

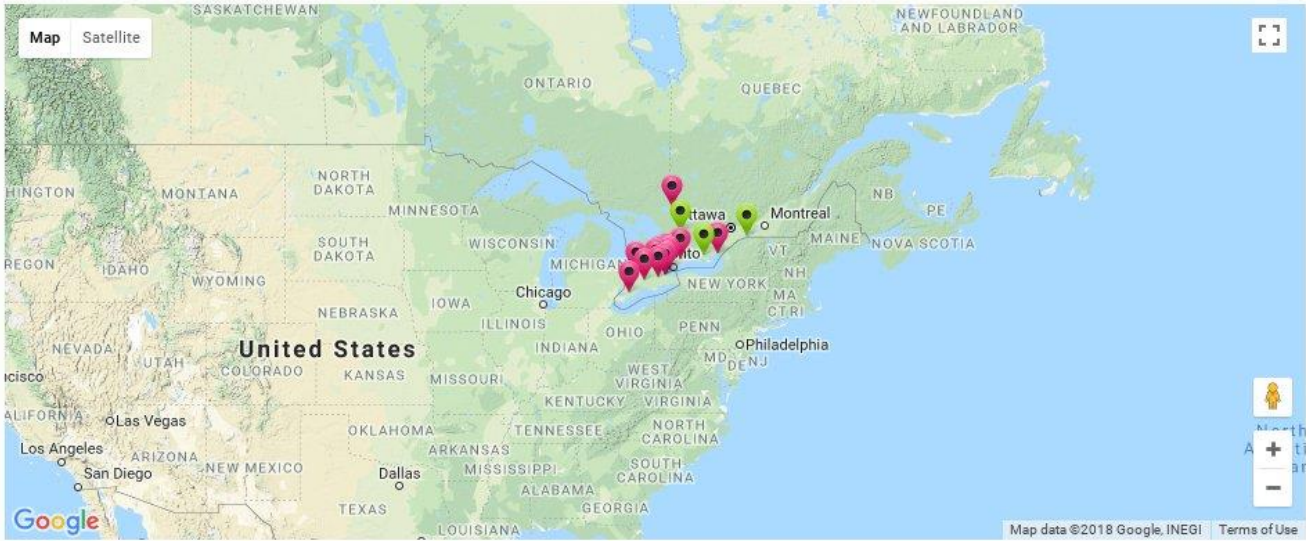
- Load RDF data produced by SPARQL Generate
- Generate HTML format using STTL
- Display sensor locations on a map
- Display sensor values in a table
- Compute aggregates: min, max, avg, etc.

```
<https://ci.mines-stetienne.fr/aqi/data/point?loc=44.150528,-77.3955>  
  a sosa:FeatureOfInterest , geo:Point ;  
  rdfs:label "Belleville, Ontario" ;  
  rdfs:seeAlso <http://aqicn.org/city/canada/ontario/belleville/> ;  
  geo:lat 44.150528 ;  
  geo:long -77.3955 .
```

```
<https://ci.mines-stetienne.fr/aqi/station/1/observations/1527156000#no2>  
  a sosa:Observation ;  
  sosa:hasFeatureOfInterest
```

```
<https://ci.mines-stetienne.fr/aqi/data/point?loc=44.150528,-77.3955> ;  
  sosa:hasSimpleResult "3.8 ug.m-3"^^cdt:ucum ;  
  sosa:observedProperty  
    <https://ci.mines-stetienne.fr/aqi/data/point?loc=44.150528,-77.3955#no2>;  
  sosa:resultTime "2018-05-24T10:00:00-05:00"^^xsd:dateTime .
```

```
<https://ci.mines-stetienne.fr/aqi/data/point?loc=44.150528,-77.3955#no2>  
  a aqio:NitrogenDioxideProperty ;  
  ssn:isPropertyOf  
    <https://ci.mines-stetienne.fr/aqi/data/point?loc=44.150528,-77.3955> .
```



Place	1. AirQualityIndex	2. CarbonMonoxide	3. NitrogenDioxide	4. Ozone	5. PM25Particulates	6. SulfurDioxide
<b>Min</b>	25	2.00 ug.m-3	3.80 ug.m-3	17.60 [ppb]	9.00 ug.m-3	15.80 ppm
<b>Max</b>	53	2.00 ug.m-3	20.40 ug.m-3	39.20 [ppb]	53.00 ug.m-3	17.20 ppm
<b>Median</b>	38	2.00 ug.m-3	8.40 ug.m-3	27.20 [ppb]	34.00 ug.m-3	17.20 ppm
<b>Average</b>	36.60	2.00 ug.m-3	9.81 ug.m-3	26.34 [ppb]	31.75 ug.m-3	16.50 ppm
<b>Std Deviation</b>	8.00	0.00	5.38	5.63	12.83	0.70
Place	1. AirQualityIndex	2. CarbonMonoxide	3. NitrogenDioxide	4. Ozone	5. PM25Particulates	6. SulfurDioxide
1. Mississauga, Ontario 2018-05-24	53		17.6 ug.m-3	17.6 [ppb]	53.0 ug.m-3	
2. Oakville, Ontario 2018-05-24	50		17.6 ug.m-3	20.0 [ppb]	50.0 ug.m-3	
3. Burlington, Ontario 2018-05-24	46		20.4 ug.m-3	17.6 [ppb]	46.0 ug.m-3	
4. Brantford, Ontario 2018-05-24	46		8.4 ug.m-3	28.1 [ppb]	46.0 ug.m-3	
5. Oshawa, Ontario 2018-05-24	42		9.3 ug.m-3	20.0 [ppb]	42.0 ug.m-3	